ECO- SPIRITUALITY in ALICE WALKER'S THE COLOUR PURPLE

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ABSTRACT: Alice Walker, an advocate of eco-otherworldliness, attempts to usher the prospering soul of fortitude furthermore, Justice through little demonstrations of natural capacities which may change our current circumstance and embellish the environmental factors with great hint of normal excellence. Natural joys consistently in bounty, delight and perceive completeness and honesty, however sadly it is man himself who never tries to investigate and profit the adoring fortunes of ecstasy on this planet. Walker as an eco-mystic endeavors to migrate the redemptive springs of natural sticking that clearly secures and sustains human family with no maltreatment or abuse.

KEYWORDS:

Walker's vision of eco-congruity reconfigures shared connections for more noteworthy wellbeing, and is comprehensive of whole nature, universe and all animals on this planet. It unequivocally appears to restore the Vedanta gospel of "Vasudhev Kutumbkam" that is the entire universe is a solitary family. Walker's philosophical position to be sure, engenders fulfillment of significant worth loaded liberality of natural force that may reproduce reformist social request. The otherworldly and good ethos need not to be captivated by the congregation cherishing picture of God, the legitimacy of Christianity is fairly seen through self venture of exemplary nature. The compelled codes of strict exercises are most much of the time rehearsed with set standards of aloof devotion, while the genuine romance for God needs rearranging our way of life with trustworthiness at the center of heart. The inborn estimation of general love vivaciously flags earth saving eco-equity that is unquestionably as significant as racial equity and human rights.

Walker's eco-mystic philosophy appears to be best explained in her Pultizer Prize winning novel The Colour Purple. Shug, the blue vocalist in the novel stirs Celie towards genuine Christianity that upholds protection from battle against dehumanizing antagonistic powers. Celie has been abused and hushed by Alphonso, her progression father who more than once assaulted and impregnated her. Indeed, even her kids are isolated and sold away by Alphonso. Man controlled society whips her further when Celie is cautioned, "You better not never tell no one except for God, I would execute your mammy when that hurt, I cry. He begin to gag me saying you better shut up and git accustomed to it". Unfurling her woeful story to Christian God, the solitary man she knows, Celie expresses, "I am fourteen year old, I have consistently been a decent young lady. May be you can offer me a hint telling me what's going on to me". Her initial letters to God insistently uncover that congregation as a necessary piece of network, directs virtues to human social orders.

Celie, surrenders to Alphonso, the monster, as her mother's response to the weight of conditions is cool and aloof. Her ability to endure the belittling conduct, brutalities and outrages, completely breaks her presence of mind. She is totally seized of her "self" and endures simply by sinking into a paralyzed state. She looks a ineffectual shadow" like figure, a "streak" of vulnerability and disgrace. She reflects boundless lack of concern to endure. Notwithstanding, a similar boorish treatment and remorselessness is seen in The Third Life Of Grange Copeland when Brownfield like his dad threatens his better half, the informed Me. "He needed her to talk however to talk like what she was; a sad nigger lady who got her can beat each Saturday night. He needed her sound like lady who abandoned him".

Walker is engrossed with the presentation of mystic and actual agonies of individuals of color. Accentuating their yearning for opportunity, inventiveness and otherworldliness, Walker challenges their job in the man centric framework. As a womanist and mystic, Walker is clearly dedicated to test into the mistreatment of people of color and her fixation can be distinguished through her authorial voice in The Color Purple. In her meetings Walker much of the time discussed severity and viciousness in the lives of people of color, huge numbers of whom were developed with her at Eatonton in Georgia. As an outcome of constrained inculcation of male predominance and predictable indoctrinating, dark ladies neglect to make sure about their character. Social exploitation withdraws them from their own aspirations and dreams. Their

detached accommodation to the controlled authority of brutal guys leaves them completely defenseless. In any case, constant quest for self-arranged "honor" reliably shows topical advancement and significance of obscuring issues. An exceptional fight between a person's fantasies and dissatisfactions, and his horrifying want to oppose and control the unfriendly climate, is extremely holding and practical. A large portion of Walker's driving characters look touchy and keen, and attempt to withstand the weight of corrupting real factors around them.

They enjoy demonstration of animosity and will in general repay the deficiency they had always wanted and dreams by denying enslavement to racial and sexual predominance. Walker tests into the reasons for torments and sentiment in the life of individuals of color. Her insight and introduction both leave a blending impact and uncover passing like distress with significant intricacy in the most possible way. Her portrayal of the powerless casualties infact, voices her challenge the instruments of mistreatment. Celie is raised in undesirable and unhygienic climate and is become detached to destitution, obliviousness and severity. The Color Purple is a worldwide acclaimed epistolary novel what's more, the letters kept in touch with God by Celie, cause the peruser to feel the desolation of Celie's soul.

Celie's helpless punctuation furthermore, incorrect spellings precisely mirror her eagerness and journey for autonomy. Her issue must be finished. She arises really gallant, brave and lucky just when she kicks back her oppressor and battles to respect her respectability. She is strikingly changed and looks an independent testing lady. Celie, who stayed non-existent and helpless against sexual and passionate attack, and is compelled to bear treachery, is settled to retaliate. Her cautious nursing of Shug, who had been ailing from a womanly sickness, wins her Shug's love furthermore, companionship. The two develop close and offer their agonies. Shug stirs Celie to her own solidarity and arousing quality and energizes her past limits. With delicate mindful and cherishing tunes, Shug uncovers Celie, "God isn't the enormous and old and tall and graybearded and white,". God is a supreme broad intensity of trees, fields, fowls and air who "love all them emotions," God who "love all that you love" and "love profound respect yet more than everything else, God love appreciation ... simply needing to share something worth being thankful for".

Walker's concept of eco-spirituality is earthly and love making, and through her writings, she strongly condemns waste and depredation of natural assets. In The Temple of My Familiar also, Walker seems a high priestess of earthly mother whose tender caring motivates us to nourish inner strength, virtuousness and generosity. This unconditional love for all, leads to contentment and creativity, and nature in abundance showers its love what's more, care. In The Same River Twice, walker states "ferocity implies following the development of affection/like a plant that came to through stone toward the sun". Walker idea of eco-otherworldliness is more than a festivity of natural wellbeing, magnificence and arousing quality. It is an attractive life power, and genuine Christianity as

Sam Keen States, "characterized a definitive reality – God as affection – a sexual vision" which buys in an instinctive inclination for holding and all inclusiveness. Through her compositions, Walker raises her voice against every one of those establishments, conventions, and religious discernments which look to annihilate the pride of individual comparable to natural moral codes. To free her ladies from the "claptrap of theology", Walker demands to decide the nature of genuine presence and cooperation in the totality of life. God cannot be bound to institutional limits of chapel, it is a preeminent force that throbs through the entire creation. The Christian God in The Colour Purple acts like different men and neglects to help Celie. Her redemption starts just when she quits taking a gander at God for help and steers the course of her life herself. With the assistance of a lady of fragile living creature and blood like Shug A very, Celie is drastically changed and loses all confidence in the picture of Christian God. Rather than ordinary mentality, Celie like Meridian requests reproduction of the divided presence and builds up fondness with nature and her own legacy in another unique circumstance.

In any case, independence from the strangulating hold of the false reverence of conventional Christianity cannot be achieved without the opportunity of actual presence. Celie in The Color Purple sympathizes with her agony with the Christ through her letters simply because she is too embarrassed to even think about talking about what's going on with her. Be that as it may, when she wins the adoration for Shug, her picture of God starts to break. Shug guarantees her that God is certainly not a white male with long streaming hair and dark facial hair. God is a day to day existence power that soaks up through the entire world, every person, all nature, the blossoms, the leaves, and even a "snake." Religion is sensitive to the interconnectivity with

nature. God throbs through the green earth and the blue sky, blowing winds and running waters. Walker unequivocally persuades the peruses through Shug "I think it annoys God on the off chance that you stroll by the shading purple, in a field, some place and don't notice it".

This availability of human feelings with nature extends one's otherworldly vision towards faithful magnificence pervading through every last piece of eco-decorations True Christ as per Walker, feeds wide view of oneself. She additionally has faith within the sight of defensive spirits – not basically the holy messengers of Judeo-Christian opportunity, however the soul of nature, that is absolutely critical for human endurance. Walker writes in Living by the Word, "the sensation of being adored and upheld by the universe general and by certain conspicuous sprits is euphoria. No other state is distantly similar to it".

In The Color Purple Walker reaffirms her euphoric acknowledgment of the therapeutic intensity of earth, and attests that our tenacious endeavors should perceive every unit of climate as a feature of human family so that otherworldliness and streaming opportunity may thrive. Through the authorial voice of Shug in The Color Purple, the reader's vision of strict acumen and order is extended. As Trudy Bloser Bush notices, "Shug builds up the all encompassing awareness of the Christian spiritualist. she understands that God is inside every individual; individuals come to chapel to share, not discover God" (103).

Walker's compositions have been a declaration of quality and thriving affection for ecoaccommodating point of view throughout everyday life. Her verse, short stories, books, papers,
and even narratives, all appear to be submerged in natural themes which obviously improve
liberality and perseverance in human connections. In any case, her repetitive fulfillment of Earth
and Nature may appear perplexing to the standard of customary church loving Christians, yet her
way of thinking as Henry C. Simmons notices, augments the picture of God and gives "new
biographies of God," and devises new "language about God" which may build up "the numerous
sacrosanct existences of God in history and set up religion" (354,358). Walker has confidence in
change of an individual's viewpoint with the goal that equity, honesty, empathy and uniformity
may sway earth. Walker dismisses the deception of the coordinated religion and stresses the need
of pardoning, resistance and life – giving delights. She recognizes each offer of commonality and
each demonstration of obstruction that may acquire favored change human society. She rethinks
the part of Christ and presents the chronicled Jesus as one among numerous dearest honest kids.

Speaking to tribal legacy and insight, Walker expresses, "I further keep up that Jesus the vast majority of us have been raised to decorate should be extended to incorporate the "wizard" and the artist, that which this is finished, it turns out to be certain that they exist together effectively with agnostic indigenous individuals... our progenitors ... as of now polished, the affection and sharing that he lectured".

The idea of eco-otherworldliness as delineated in Walker's compositions, appears to be focused on moral viewpoint that definitely arises through an ideal concordance among man and nature. The Color Purple moreover celebrates natural joys. In spite of the fact that the novel is loaded with occurrences of abuse and mortification, yet the story closes with a cheering note of absolution and government assistance, all things considered, both male and female. The epic voices Walker's solid conviction in Earth-saving and individuals adoring methodology throughout everyday life. Her tireless trust in eco-otherworldliness, and her endeavors to build up harmony and equity through merry praises among man and nature, welcomes the peruser to join this endeavor of moral propriety, however the "venture" is "dangerous" yet "ensured to work the heart into a bolder shape".

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